

French overview	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
AUT 1	<p>1. La phonétique (Phonics & Pronunciation) Lesson 1</p> <p>Children can identify 4 phonemes to facilitate accurate and authentic pronunciation as part of their early learning experience:</p> <p>ch, ou, on, oi.</p> <p>2. J'apprends le français (I Am Learning French)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pinpoint France and other French speaking countries on a map of the world. • ask and answer the question 'How are you?' in French. • say 'Hello' and 'Goodbye' in French. • ask and answer the question 'What is your name?' in French. • count to 10 in French. • say 10 colours in French. 	<p>1. La phonétique (Phonics & Pronunciation) Lessons 1 and 2</p> <p>Children can recall and identify new phonemes to facilitate accurate and authentic pronunciation as part of their early learning experience:</p> <p>ch, ou, on, oi.</p> <p>i, in, ique, ille</p> <p>2. Les fruits (Fruits)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name and recognise up to 10 fruits in French. • Attempt to spell some of these nouns. • Ask somebody in French if they like a particular fruit. • Say what fruits they like and dislike. 	<p>1. La phonétique (Phonics & Pronunciation) Lessons 1, 2 and 3</p> <p>Children can recall and identify new phonemes to facilitate accurate and authentic pronunciation as part of their early learning experience:</p> <p>ch, ou, on, oi.</p> <p>i, in, ique, ille</p> <p>é, è, e, eux, eau</p> <p>2. Je me presente (Presenting Myself)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Say their name and age. • Say hello and goodbye, then ask how somebody is feeling and answer how they are feeling. • Say where they live • Say their nationality and understand basic gender agreement rules • Count to 20 	<p>1. La phonétique (Phonics & Pronunciation) Lessons 1, 2 and 3</p> <p>Children can recall and identify new phonemes to facilitate accurate and authentic pronunciation as part of their early learning experience:</p> <p>ch, ou, on, oi.</p> <p>i, in, ique, ille</p> <p>é, è, e, eux, eau</p> <p>2. Je me presente (Presenting Myself)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Say their name and age. • Say hello and goodbye, then ask how somebody is feeling and answer how they are feeling. • Say where they live • Say their nationality and understand basic gender agreement rules • Count to 20
vocabulary	<p>1. Phonemes:</p> <p>Ch, ou, on, oi</p> <p>cheval - horse mouton - sheep cochon - pig oiseau - bird</p> <p>2. I am learning French:</p> <p>Bonjour !- Hello! (formal) Salut ! - Hello! (informal) Ça va ? - How are you? Ça va bien.- I am well. Ça va mal.- I am not great. Comme ci, comme ça - . So, so. Au revoir !- Goodbye! À plus tard !- See you later! Comment tu t'appelles ?- What is your name? Je m'appelle...- My name is...</p> <p>Numbers 1-10: un-one, deux-two, trois-three, quatre- four, cinq-five, six-six, sept-seven, huit-eight, neuf-nine, dix-ten</p> <p>Colours:</p>	<p>1. Phonemes:</p> <p>ch, ou, on, oi</p> <p>cheval - horse mouton - sheep cochon - pig oiseau - bird</p> <p>i, in, ique, ille</p> <p>six - six cing - five famille - family musique – music</p> <p>2. Fruits:</p> <p>J'aime... I like... Je n'aime pas... I do not like...</p> <p>une pomme - an apple les pommes - the apples une fraise - a strawberry les fraises - the strawberries</p>	<p>2. Je me presente (Presenting Myself)</p> <p>Bonjour ! -Hello! (formal) Salut ! - Hello! (informal) Ça va ? - How are you? Ça va bien. - I am well Ça va mal. - I am not great. Comme ci, comme ça - . So, so. Ça va très bien - I am very well. Ça va très mal - I am really not great. Au revoir ! - Goodbye! À plus tard - See you later! Comment tu t'appelles ? - What is your name? Je m'appelle... - My name is ... Quel âge as-tu ? - How old are you? J'ai ... ans - I am ... years old. Où habites-tu ? - Where do you live? J'habite à... - I live in... Je suis... I am... français/française - French anglais/anglaise - English gallois/galloise - Welsh irlandais/irlandaise - Irish écossais/ecossaise - Scottish Je viens de... - I am from... Je viens d'Angleterre - I am from England.</p>	<p>2. Je me presente (Presenting Myself)</p> <p>Bonjour ! -Hello! (formal) Salut ! - Hello! (informal) Ça va ? - How are you? Ça va bien. - I am well Ça va mal. - I am not great. Comme ci, comme ça - . So, so. Ça va très bien - I am very well. Ça va très mal - I am really not great. Au revoir ! - Goodbye! À plus tard - See you later! Comment tu t'appelles ? - What is your name? Je m'appelle... - My name is ... Quel âge as-tu ? - How old are you? J'ai ... ans - I am ... years old. Où habites-tu ? - Where do you live? J'habite à... - I live in... Je suis... I am... français/française - French anglais/anglaise - English gallois/galloise - Welsh irlandais/irlandaise - Irish écossais/ecossaise - Scottish Je viens de... - I am from... Je viens d'Angleterre - I am from England.</p>



	rouge- red, bleu- blue, jaune - yellow, vert - green, noir - black, blanc - white, gris - grey, orange - orange, violet - purple, marron - brown	une pêche - a peach les pêches - the peaches une banane - a banana les bananes - the bananas une cerise - a cherry les cerises - the cherries une orange - an orange les oranges - the oranges une prune - a plum les prunes - the plums une poire - a pear les poires - the pears un kiwi - a kiwi les kiwis - the kiwis un abricot - an apricot les abricots - the apricots	un-one, deux-two, trois-three, quatre- four, cinq-five, six-six, sept-seven, huit-eight, neuf-nine, dix-ten onze - eleven douze - twelve treize - thirteen quatorze - fourteen quinze - fifteen seize - sixteen dix-sept - seventeen dix-huit - eighteen dix-neuf - nineteen vingt - twenty	un-one, deux-two, trois-three, quatre- four, cinq-five, six-six, sept-seven, huit-eight, neuf-nine, dix-ten onze - eleven douze - twelve treize - thirteen quatorze - fourteen quinze - fifteen seize - sixteen dix-sept - seventeen dix-huit - eighteen dix-neuf - nineteen vingt - twenty
AUT 2	1. Les animaux (Animals) • Recognise, recall, and spell up to 10 animals in French with their correct determiners/ indefinite articles. • Understand that there are more determiners/ articles in French than in English. • Use and become more familiar with the high-frequency 1st person conjugated verb 'je suis' (I am), from the infinitive verb 'être' (to be).	1. Les glaces (Ice-Creams) • Name and recognise up to 10 different flavours for ice creams. • Ask for an ice-cream in French using 'je voudrais'. • Say what flavour they would like. • Say whether they would like a cone or a small pot/tub of ice-cream.	3. En classe (In the Classroom) • Remember and recall 12 classroom objects with their indefinite article/determiner. • Replace an indefinite article/determiner with a possessive adjective. • Say and write what they have and do not have in their pencil case.	3.Ma famille (My family) • Tell somebody the members, names and various ages of either their own or a fictional family in French. • Continue to count in French, with the option of reaching 100, enabling students to say the age of various family members. • Understand the concept of the possessive adjectives 'mon', 'ma' and 'mes' in French. • Move from 1st person singular to 3rd person singular of the two high frequency verbs used in this unit: s'appeler (to be called) and avoir (to have).
vocabulary	Les animaux - the animals Un - a (masculine) Une - a (feminine) je suis - I am... un lapin - a rabbit un canard - a duck un singe - a monkey un cochon - a pig un mouton - a sheep un lion - a lion une souris - a mouse un oiseau - a bird une vache - a cow	une glace - an ice-cream un cornet - a cone un petit pot - a small tub/pot une boule - one scoop deux boules - two scoops trois boules - three scoops s'il vous plaît - please Bonjour ! - Hello! ... Quel parfum ? - Which flavour ... Combien de boules ? - How many scoops? Je voudrais... - I would like... Et - and C'est combien ? - How much? Merci -Thank you Au-revoir ! - Goodbye ! ...à la vanille - vanilla flavour ...à la fraise - strawberry flavour ...à la banane -banana flavour	J'ai - I have Je n'ai pas de - I do not have Qu'est-ce qu'il y a dans ta trousse ? What do you have in your pencil case? Dans ma trousse j'ai... In my pencil case I have... Dans ma trousse je n'ai pas... In my pencil case I do not have.. mon - my (masculine singular nouns) ma - my (feminine singular nouns) mes - my (plural nouns) et - and un livre - a reading book un cahier - an exercise book un crayon - a pencil un stylo - a pen un taille-crayon - a sharpener un sac à dos - a rucksack	• Understand the concept of the possessive adjectives 'mon', 'ma' and 'mes' in French. • Move from 1st person singular to 3rd person singular of the two high frequency verbs used in this unit: s'appeler (to be called) and avoir (to have).



		<p>...à la menthe - mint flavour ...à la pistache -pistachio flavour ...au chocolat -chocolate flavour ... au café - coffee flavour ... au citron - lemon flavour ... au caramel - caramel flavour ...au cassis - blackcurrant flavour</p>	<p>une calculatrice - a calculator un bâton de colle - a glue stick une règle - a ruler une gomme - a rubber une trousse - a pencil case des ciseaux - a pair of scissors</p>	
SPR 1	<p>1.Les instruments (Instruments)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise, recall and spell up to 10 instruments in French with the correct definite article/determiner. Understand articles/determiners better and that the definite article/determiner 'the' has a plural form in French. Learn to say and write 'I play an instrument' in French using the high frequency 1st person regular verb 'je joue' (I play) with up to 10 different instruments. 	<p>1. Les saisons (Seasons)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise, recall and remember the 4 seasons in French. Recognise, recall and remember a short phrase for each season in French. Say which season is their favourite in French and attempt to say why using the conjunctions 'et' and 'car'. 	<p>4.Au salon de thé (At the tearoom)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remember and recall a wide variety of foods, snacks, and drinks (with their indefinite article/determiner) typically served in a salon de thé. To understand better how to change a singular noun to plural form. Perform a short role-play ordering what they would like to eat and drink. 	<p>4.Au salon de thé (At the tearoom)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remember and recall a wide variety of foods, snacks, and drinks (with their indefinite article/determiner) typically served in a salon de thé. To understand better how to change a singular noun to plural form. Perform a short role-play ordering what they would like to eat and drink.
vocabulary	<p>le - the (masculine) la- the (feminine) l' (not seen in this unit)- the (before a vowel) les the (plural) Je joue (du, de la, des)... - I play...</p> <p>la trompette - the trumpet le violon - the violin la batterie - the drums les cymbals - the cymbals la guitar - the guitar la flûte à bec - the recorder la clarinette - the clarinet la harpe - the harp le piano - the piano le triangle - the triangle</p>	<p>les saisons - the seasons l'hiver - winter Les fleurs poussent - The flowers grow. le printemps - spring Les oiseaux chantent - The birds sing. l'été - summer Il y a du soleil - It is sunny. l'automne – autumn Il fait chaud - It is warm. En hiver - In winter Les arbres perdent leurs feuilles - The trees lose their leaves. Au printemps - In spring Quelle est ta saison préférée ? - Which is your favourite season? En été - In summer Ma saison préférée est... My favourite season is... En automne - In autumn Il fait froid -It is cold. Et - and car – because</p>	<p>Bonjour ! - Hello! Au revoir ! - Goodbye! Vous désirez ? - What would you like? Je voudrais... I would like... Merci -Thank S'il vous plait - please L'addition - the bill et - and</p> <p>un croissant - a croissant un pain au chocolat - a pain au chocolat un sandwich au jambon- a ham sandwich un sandwich au fromage - a cheese sandwich un croque-monsieur - a ham and cheese toastie un café - a coffee un café au lait - a coffee with milk un thé - a tea un jus d'orange - an orange juice un coca-cola - a coca-cola un chocolat chaud - a hot chocolate une part de gâteau au chocolat a slice of chocolate cake une part de quiche - a slice of quiche une brioche - a brioche une crêpe - a crepe une salade - a salad une omelette - an omelette une tartelette - a small tart une lemonade - a lemonade une grenadine - a grenadine</p>	<p>Bonjour ! - Hello! Au revoir ! - Goodbye! Vous désirez ? - What would you like? Je voudrais... I would like... Merci -Thank S'il vous plait - please L'addition - the bill et - and</p> <p>un croissant - a croissant un pain au chocolat - a pain au chocolat un sandwich au jambon- a ham sandwich un sandwich au fromage - a cheese sandwich un croque-monsieur - a ham and cheese toastie un café - a coffee un café au lait - a coffee with milk un thé - a tea un jus d'orange - an orange juice un coca-cola - a coca-cola un chocolat chaud - a hot chocolate une part de gâteau au chocolat a slice of chocolate cake une part de quiche - a slice of quiche une brioche - a brioche une crêpe - a crepe une salade - a salad une omelette - an omelette une tartelette - a small tart une lemonade - a lemonade une grenadine - a grenadine</p>



<p>SPR 2</p>	<p>1. Je peux... (I Am Able...)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise, recall and spell 10 action verbs in French. Use these verbs in the infinitive to form positive and negative sentence structures with 'je peux' (I am able) and 'je ne peux pas' (I am not able). Attempt to combine positive and negative sentence structures to form longer and more complex sentences using the conjunctions 'et' (and) / 'mais' (but). 	<p>1.Les legumes (Vegetables)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name and recognise up to 10 vegetables in French. Attempt to spell some of these nouns (including the correct determiner/article) Learn simple vocabulary to facilitate a role play about buying vegetables from a market stall. Say if they would like one kilo or a half kilo of a particular vegetable or selection of vegetables. 	<p>5.Ma famille (My family)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tell somebody the members, names and various ages of either their own or a fictional family in French. Continue to count in French, with the option of reaching 100, enabling students to say the age of various family members. Understand the concept of the possessive adjectives 'mon', 'ma' and 'mes' in French. Move from 1st person singular to 3rd person singular of the two high frequency verbs used in this unit: s'appeler (to be called) and avoir (to have). 	<p>5.Chez moi (My home)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Say whether they live in a house or an apartment and say where it is. Repeat, recognise and attempt to spell up to ten nouns (including the correct article for each) for the rooms of the house in French. Tell somebody in French what rooms they have or do not have in their home. Ask somebody else in French what rooms they have in their home. Attempt to create a longer spoken or written passage in French recycling previously learnt language (incorporating personal details such as their name and age).
<p>vocabulary</p>	<p>Je peux...- I am able ... Je ne peux pas... - I am not able... jouer d'un instrument - to play an instrument patiner- to ice-skate danser- to dance dessiner - to draw chanter - to sing nager - to swim sauter - to jump parler français -to speak French cuisine - to cook faire du vélo - to ride a bike mais - but et - and</p>	<p>les aubergines - the aubergines les épinards - the spinach les oignons - the onions les courgettes - the courgettes les tomates --- the tomatoes les haricots verts - the green beans les petits pois - the peas les champignons - the mushrooms les carottes - the carrots les pommes de terre - the potatoes</p> <p>un kilo de... / d'... -one kilo of... un demi kilo de... / d'... - half a kilo of... Je voudrais... - I would like... s'il vous plait - please et - and bonjour - hello Je peux vous aider ? - Can I help you? C'est tout ? - Is that all/Anything else? C'est combien ? - How much is that? Merci - Thank you Au revoir - Goodbye Dans mon panier j'ai... In my basket I have...</p>	<p>la famille - the family la mère - the mother la grand-mère - the grandmother la tante - the aunt la fille - the daughter la sœur - the sister le frère - the brother l'oncle - the uncle le père - the father le grand-père - the grandfather les parents - the parents les grands-parents - the grandparents des frères et sœurs - siblings/ brothers and sisters</p> <p>As-tu des frères et sœurs ? - Do you have any siblings/ brothers or sisters? Oui, j'ai un frère - Yes, I have a brother. Oui, j'ai une sœur - Yes, I have a sister. Oui, j'ai deux frères - Yes, I have two brothers. Oui, j'ai deux sœurs - Yes, I have two sisters.</p> <p>Non, je suis fils unique - No, I am an only child (boy). le fils- the son Non, je suis fille unique - No, I am an only child (girl).</p> <p>Comment s'appelle ton - [male family member]/ ta [female family member] ? - What is your [family member]'s name? Il s'appelle... He is called... Elle s'appelle... She is called...</p>	<p>Où habites-tu ? - Where do you live? J'habite dans... I live in... une maison - a house un appartement - an apartment en ville - in town à la campagne -in the countryside à la montagne - in the mountains au bord de la mer - by the sea dans un village - in a village Chez moi il y a... In my home there is... / there are... Chez moi il n'y a pas....In my home there is not ... une cuisine - a kitchen une salle à manger - a dining room une salle de bains - a bathroom une chambre - a bedroom une buanderie - a utility room un sous-sol - a basement un bureau - an office / a study un salon - a living room un garage - a garage un jardin - a garden mais - but et -and</p>



			<p>mon/ ma/ mes my</p> <p>dix – ten vingt – twenty trente – thirty quarante – forty cinquante – fifty soixante – sixty soixante – dix – seventy quarante-vingts – eighty quatre-vingt-dix – ninety cent – one hundred</p>	
SUM 1	<p>1. Les fruits (Fruits)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name and recognise up to 10 fruits in French. Attempt to spell some of these nouns. Ask somebody in French if they like a particular fruit. Say what fruits they like and dislike. 	<p>2. Je me presente (Presenting Myself)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Say their name and age. Say hello and goodbye, then ask how somebody is feeling and answer how they are feeling. Say where they live Say their nationality and understand basic gender agreement rules Count to 20 	<p>6.La date (The date)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Repeat and recognise the months of the year in French. Ask when somebody has a birthday and say when they have their birthday. Say the date in French. Create a French calendar. Recognise key dates in the French calendar. 	<p>6.La date (The date)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Repeat and recognise the months of the year in French. Ask when somebody has a birthday and say when they have their birthday. Say the date in French. Create a French calendar. Recognise key dates in the French calendar.
vocabulary	<p>J'aime... I like... Je n'aime pas... I do not like...</p> <p>une pomme - an apple les pommes - the apples une fraise - a strawberry les fraises - the strawberries une pêche - a peach les pêches - the peaches une banane - a banana les bananes - the bananas une cerise - a cherry les cerises - the cherries une orange - an orange les oranges - the oranges une prune - a plum les prunes - the plums une poire - a pear les poires - the pears un kiwi - a kiwi les kiwis - the kiwis un abricot - an apricot les abricots - the apricots</p>	<p>Bonjour ! -Hello! (formal) Salut ! - Hello! (informal) Ça va ? - How are you? Ça va bien. - I am well Ça va mal. - I am not great. Comme ci, comme ça - So, so. Ça va très bien - I am very well. Ça va très mal - I am really not great. Au revoir ! - Goodbye! À plus tard - See you later! Comment tu t'appelles ? - What is your name? Je m'appelle... - My name is ... Quel âge as-tu ? - How old are you? J'ai ... ans -. I am ... years old. Où habites-tu ? - Where do you live? J'habite à... - I live in... Je suis... I am... français/française - French anglais/anglaise - English gallois/galloise - Welsh irlandais/irlandaise - Irish écossais/ecossaise - Scottish Je viens de... - I am from... Je viens d'Angleterre - I am from England.</p>	<p>la date - the date</p> <p>les jours de la semaine - the days of the week</p> <p>lundi - Monday mardi - Tuesday mercredi - Wednesday jeudi - Thursday vendredi -Friday samedi - Saturday dimanche - Sunday Aujourd'hui c'est quel jour ? - What day is it today? Aujourd'hui c'est... - Today it is...</p> <p>janvier - January février - February mars - March avril - April mai - May juin - June juillet - July août - August</p>	<p>la date - the date</p> <p>les jours de la semaine - the days of the week</p> <p>lundi - Monday mardi - Tuesday mercredi - Wednesday jeudi - Thursday vendredi -Friday samedi - Saturday dimanche - Sunday Aujourd'hui c'est quel jour ? - What day is it today? Aujourd'hui c'est... - Today it is...</p> <p>janvier - January février - February mars - March avril - April mai - May juin - June juillet - July août - August</p>



		<p>un-one, deux-two, trois-three, quatre- four, cinq-five, six-six, sept-seven, huit-eight, neuf-nine, dix-ten onze - eleven douze - twelve treize - thirteen quatorze - fourteen quinze - fifteen seize - sixteen dix-sept - seventeen dix-huit - eighteen dix-neuf - nineteen vingt - twenty</p>	<p>septembre - September octobre - October novembre - November décembre - December Numbers 1-30: un-one, deux-two, trois-three, quatre- four, cinq-five, six-six, sept-seven, huit-eight, neuf-nine, dix-ten onze - eleven douze - twelve treize - thirteen quatorze - fourteen quinze - fifteen seize - sixteen dix-sept - seventeen dix-huit - eighteen dix-neuf - nineteen vingt - twenty vingt-et-un – twenty-one vingt-deux - twenty two vingt-trois - twenty three vingt-quatre - twenty four vingt-cinq - twenty five vingt-six - twenty six vingt-sept - twenty seven vingt-huit - twenty eight vingt-neuf -twenty nine trente - thirty</p>	<p>septembre - September octobre - October novembre - November décembre - December Numbers 1-30: un-one, deux-two, trois-three, quatre- four, cinq-five, six-six, sept-seven, huit-eight, neuf-nine, dix-ten onze - eleven douze - twelve treize - thirteen quatorze - fourteen quinze - fifteen seize - sixteen dix-sept - seventeen dix-huit - eighteen dix-neuf - nineteen vingt - twenty vingt-et-un – twenty-one vingt-deux - twenty two vingt-trois - twenty three vingt-quatre - twenty four vingt-cinq - twenty five vingt-six - twenty six vingt-sept - twenty seven vingt-huit - twenty eight vingt-neuf -twenty nine trente - thirty</p>
SUM 2	<p>1. Les glaces (Ice-Creams)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name and recognise up to 10 different flavours for ice creams. Ask for an ice-cream in French using 'je voudrais'. Say what flavour they would like. Say whether they would like a cone or a small pot/tub of ice-cream. 	<p>1.Ma famille (My family)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tell somebody the members, names and various ages of either their own or a fictional family in French. Continue to count in French, with the option of reaching 100, enabling students to say the age of various family members. Understand the concept of the possessive adjectives 'mon', 'ma' and 'mes' in French. Move from 1st person singular to 3rd person singular of the two high frequency verbs used in this unit: s'appeler (to be called) and avoir (to have). 	<p>7. Weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for weather in French. Ask and say what the weather is like today. Create a French weather map. Describe the weather in different regions of France using a weather map with symbols. 	<p>7. Do you have a pet?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Repeat, recognise and attempt to spell the eight nouns (including the correct article for each) for pets in French. Tell somebody in French if they have or do not have a pet. Ask somebody else in French if they have a pet. Tell somebody in French the name of their pet. Attempt to create a longer phrase using the conjunctions et ("and") or mais ("but").
Vocabulary	<p>une glace - an ice-cream un cornet - a cone un petit pot - a small tub/pot</p>	<p>la famille - the family la mère - the mother la grand-mère - the grandmother</p>	<p>Quel temps fait-il ? What is the weather? Il fait chaud. It is hot. Il pleut. It is raining.</p>	<p>un chien a dog un chat a cat un lapin a rabbit</p>



	<p>une boule - one scoop deux boules - two scoops trois boules - three scoops s'il vous plait - please Bonjour ! - Hello! ... Quel parfum ? - Which flavour ... Combien de boules ? - How many scoops? Je voudrais... - I would like... Et - and C'est combien ? - How much? Merci -Thank you Au-revoir ! - Goodbye !</p> <p>...à la vanille - vanilla flavour ...à la fraise - strawberry flavour ...à la banane -banana flavour ...à la menthe - mint flavour ...à la pistache -pistachio flavour ...au chocolat -chocolate flavour ... au café - coffee flavour ... au citron - lemon flavour ... au caramel - caramel flavour ...au cassis - blackcurrant flavour</p>	<p>la tante - the aunt la fille - the daughter la sœur - the sister le frère - the brother l'oncle - the uncle le père - the father le grand-père - the grandfather les parents - the parents les grands-parents - the grandparents des frères et sœurs - siblings/ brothers and sisters</p> <p>As-tu des frères et sœurs ? - Do you have any siblings/ brothers or sisters? Oui, j'ai un frère - Yes, I have a brother. Oui, j'ai une sœur - Yes, I have a sister. Oui, j'ai deux frères - Yes, I have two brothers. Oui, j'ai deux sœurs - Yes, I have two sisters. Non, je suis fils unique - No, I am an only child (boy). le fils- the son Non, je suis fille unique - No, I am an only child (girl).</p> <p>Comment s'appelle ton - [male family member]/ ta [female family member] ? - What is your [family member]'s name? Il s'appelle... He is called... Elle s'appelle... She is called... mon/ ma/ mes my</p> <p>dix – ten vingt – twenty trente – thirty quarante – forty cinquante – fifty soixante – sixty soixante – dix – seventy quarante-vingts – eighty quatre-vingt-dix – ninety cent – one hundred</p>	<p>Il fait froid. It is cold. Il neige. It is snowing. Dans le nord de la France... In the north of France... Il y a un orage. There is a storm. Dans le sud de la France... In the south of France... Il y a du soleil. It is sunny. Dans le centre de la France... In the centre of France... Il y a du vent. It is windy. Dans l'ouest de la France... In the west of France... Il fait beau. The weather is fine. Dans l'est de la France... In the east of France... Il fait mauvais. The weather is not good. le temps the weather</p>	<p>un hamster a hamster un poisson rouge a goldfish un oiseau a bird une souris a mouse une tortue a tortoise J'ai... I have... Je n'ai pas de / d'... I do not have... J'ai un... I have a... (masculine))J'ai une... I have a... (feminine)qui s'appelle... that is called... et and mais but</p>
--	---	---	---	---